

2.3 Simplest Form of a Fraction

2.3 Exercise Set, page 137: 1, 4, 25, 45, 52, 55

2.4 Fractions and Mixed Numbers

2.4 Exercise Set, page 148: 1, 11, 27, 45, 57, 81, 95

2.5 Dividing Fractions and Mixed Numbers

2.5 Exercise Set, page 158: 1, 5, 9, 18, 31, 45

Exam 1 - Wednesday, 02/18/26, 1.2-1.7, 2.1-2.5

$$\frac{4 \text{ prob}}{20 \text{ min}} = \frac{x}{80 \text{ min}}$$

How many problems should be on exam 1?

$$x(20 \text{ min}) = (4 \text{ prob})(80 \text{ min})$$

$$x = \frac{(4)(80)}{20} \text{ prob.}$$

$$x = (4)(4) \text{ prob}$$

$$x = 16 \text{ prob}$$

2.3

2.3 Exercise Set MyLab Math

Objective A Write each fraction in simplest form. See Examples 1 through 7.

$$26. \frac{60}{150}$$

$$= \frac{(6)(10)}{(15)(10)} = \frac{(2)(3)}{(5)(3)} = \left[\frac{2}{5} \right]$$

$$\frac{\overset{2}{\cancel{60}}}{\underset{5}{\cancel{150}}} = \left[\frac{2}{5} \right]$$

2.3: 25

$$\begin{aligned}
 25. \quad \frac{90}{120} &= \frac{\overset{3}{\cancel{3}}(10)}{\cancel{3}(40)} = \frac{(3)(10)}{40} \\
 &= \boxed{\frac{3}{4}} \\
 \frac{90}{120} &= \frac{(9)(10)}{(12)(10)} = \frac{9}{12} = \frac{3 \cdot 3}{3 \cdot 4} = \boxed{\frac{3}{4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

2.4

Convert $4\frac{5}{9}$ to an improper fraction

$$\frac{(4)(9) + 5}{9} = \frac{36 + 5}{9} = \boxed{\frac{41}{9}}$$

motivation! $1 = \frac{9}{9}$

$$\Rightarrow 4(1) = \frac{4(9)}{9} = \frac{36}{9}$$

$$\text{Altogether } \frac{36}{9} + \frac{5}{9} = \left(\frac{41}{9} \right)$$

Altogether $\frac{36}{9} + \frac{5}{9} = \left(\frac{41}{9}\right)$

Convert $\frac{41}{9}$ to a mixed number

$$4\frac{5}{9}$$
$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \overline{) 41} \\ \underline{36} \\ 5 \end{array}$$

2.4

Multiply. Write each answer in simplest form.

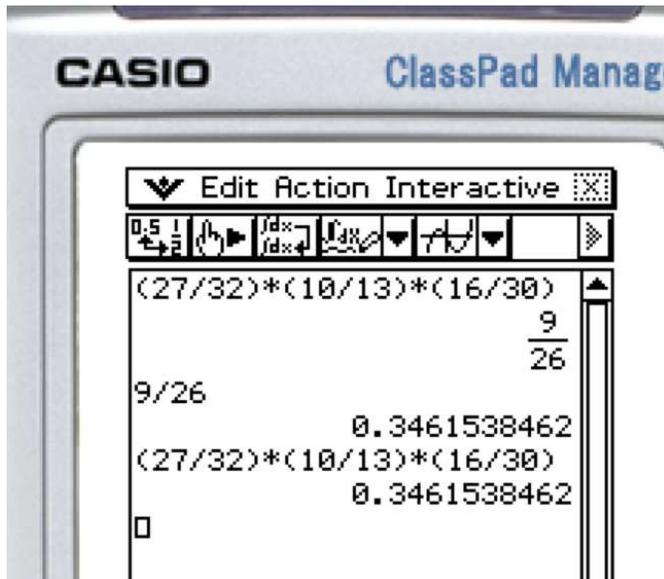
22. $\frac{27}{32} \cdot \frac{10}{13} \cdot \frac{16}{30}$

$$= \left(\frac{\cancel{16}^1}{\cancel{32}_2}\right) \left(\frac{27}{13}\right) \left(\frac{\cancel{16}}{\cancel{30}}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\cancel{27}^9}{13}\right) \left(\frac{1}{\cancel{2}}\right)$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{9}{26}}$$

Calculator check



2.5
Memorize

Reciprocal of a Fraction

Two numbers are **reciprocals** of each other if their product is 1. The reciprocal of

the fraction $\frac{a}{b}$ is $\frac{b}{a}$ because $\frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{b}{a} = \frac{a \cdot b}{b \cdot a} = 1$.

Finding the Reciprocal of a Fraction

To find the reciprocal of a fraction, interchange its numerator and denominator.

Memorize

Dividing Fractions

To divide two fractions, multiply the first fraction by the reciprocal of the second fraction.

If a , b , c , and d represent numbers, and b , c , and d are not 0, then

$$\frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{d}{c} = \frac{a \cdot d}{b \cdot c}$$

↑ reciprocal

To divide two fractions, invert the denominator and multiply



$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}}{\frac{1}{8}} = \left(\frac{3}{\cancel{4}^1}\right) \left(\frac{\cancel{8}^2}{1}\right)$$

$$= \boxed{6}$$

$$\text{check } 6 \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) = \frac{(2)(3)}{(2)(4)} = \frac{3}{4} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) \div \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) \div \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)$$