

Chapter 2 - Multiplying and Dividing Fractions

2.1 Introduction to Fractions and Mixed numbers

2.1 Exercise Set, page 118: 1, 3, 19, 34, 43, 55, 65, 85

2.2 Factors and Prime Factorization

2.2 Exercise Set, page 129: 4, 9, 17, 25, 55

2.3 Simplest Form of a Fraction

2.3 Exercise Set, page 137: 1, 4, 25, 45, 52, 55

2.4 Fractions and Mixed Numbers

2.4 Exercise Set, page 148: 1, 11, 27, 45, 57, 81, 95

2.3

Memorize

Simplest Form of a Fraction

A fraction is written in **simplest form** or **lowest terms** when the numerator and the denominator have no common factors other than 1.

reduced to lowest terms

$$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{2}{2 \cdot 2} = \left(\frac{\cancel{2}}{\cancel{2}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = (1) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{\cancel{2} + 3}{\cancel{2}} = 3 \right. \\ \left. \frac{5}{2} = 2 \frac{1}{2} \neq 3 \right)$$

No!

$$\frac{12}{20} = \frac{4 \cdot 3}{4 \cdot 5} = \frac{4}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{5} = 1 \cdot \frac{3}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{2} \cdot 6}{\cancel{2} \cdot 10} = \frac{\cancel{2} \cdot 3}{\cancel{2} \cdot 5} = \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)$$

Memorize

Equivalent Fractions

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 8 \cdot 6 & & 24 \cdot 2 \\ & \swarrow \quad \searrow & \\ & \frac{6}{24} = \frac{2}{8} & \end{array}$$

Since the cross products ($8 \cdot 6 = 48$ and $24 \cdot 2 = 48$) are equal, the fractions are equivalent.

Note: If the cross products are not equal, the fractions are not equivalent.

$$\text{Is } \frac{3}{7} = \frac{2}{5} ?$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (3)(5) = (7)(2)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{array}{l} 15 = 14 \\ \text{equivalent} \quad \text{but } 15 \neq 14 \end{array}$$

$$\therefore \frac{3}{7} \neq \frac{2}{5}$$

Therefore

$$\text{Reason } \frac{3}{7} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \left(\frac{3}{7}\right)\left(\frac{5}{5}\right) = \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)\left(\frac{7}{7}\right)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{15}{35} = \frac{14}{35}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{(15)(35)}{35} = \frac{(14)(35)}{35}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{array}{l} 15 = 14 \\ \text{but } 15 \neq 14 \end{array}$$

Memorize

Definition: a ratio is the comparison of two numbers by division

Definition: a proportion is the equality of two ratios

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d} \quad | \quad \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6} \\ \Leftrightarrow (3)(4) = (2)(6) \\ \Leftrightarrow 12 = 12 \end{array} \right.$$

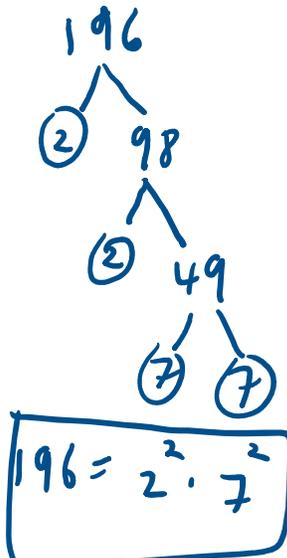
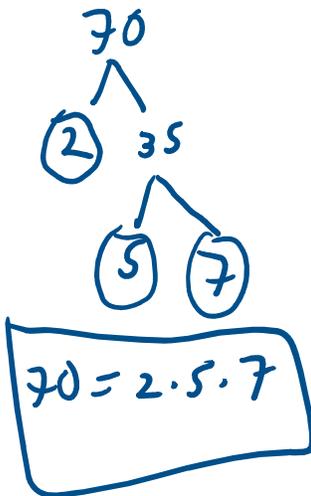
$$\Leftrightarrow ad = bc$$

Reduce to lowest terms

$$6. \frac{315}{225} = \frac{\cancel{5} \cancel{6} 3}{\cancel{5} \cancel{9} 45} = \frac{\cancel{9} \cancel{7}}{\cancel{5} \cancel{9} 1} = \boxed{\frac{7}{5}}$$

315/225	1.4
315/225	$\frac{7}{5}$

27. $\frac{70}{196}$



$$\begin{array}{r} 98 \\ 2 \overline{) 196} \\ \underline{18} \\ 16 \\ \underline{16} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 49 \\ 2 \overline{) 98} \\ \underline{8} \\ 18 \\ \underline{18} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{70}{196} = \frac{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7}{2^2 \cdot 7^2} = \frac{\cancel{2} \cdot 5 \cdot \cancel{7}}{\cancel{2} \cdot 2 \cdot \cancel{7} \cdot 7} = \boxed{\frac{5}{14}}$$

2.4
Memorize

Multiplying Fractions

To multiply two fractions, multiply the numerators and multiply the denominators.

If $a, b, c,$ and d represent nonzero whole numbers, we have

$$\frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{c}{d} = \frac{a \cdot c}{b \cdot d}$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)\left(\frac{5}{9}\right) = \frac{(3)(5)}{(4)(9)} = \frac{15}{36} = \frac{5}{12}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \downarrow \\ \cancel{3}(5) \\ \hline (4)\cancel{9}(3) \end{array} = \boxed{\frac{5}{12}}$$

Your Name MDE 10 quiz 2 write each problem.
Put a box around each answer. Calculator ok.

$$\begin{array}{r} 3.2 \\ \times 1.5 \\ \hline 160 \\ 32 \\ \hline 4.80 \end{array}$$

1.  1.5 mi
 3.2 mi

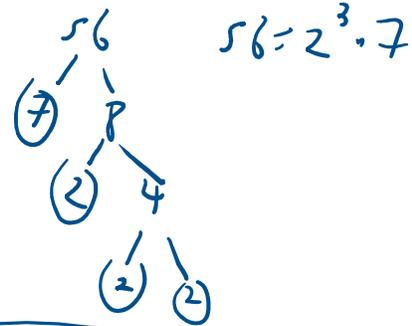
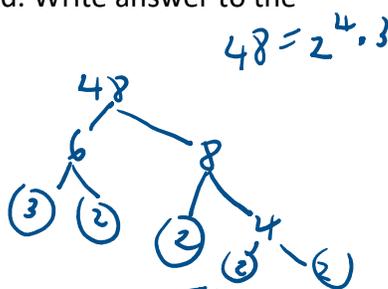
Area = $(1.5 \text{ mi})(3.2 \text{ mi})$
 $= (1.5)(3.2) \text{ mi}^2$
 $= \boxed{4.80 \text{ mi}^2}$

Find area of rectangular field. Write answer to the nearest hundredth.

2. Reduce to lowest terms.

$$\frac{48}{56}$$

$$\frac{48}{56} = \frac{2^4 \cdot 3}{2^3 \cdot 7} = \frac{2 \cdot 3}{7} = \boxed{\frac{6}{7}}$$



$$\text{or } \frac{48}{56} = \frac{8 \cdot 6}{8 \cdot 7} = \boxed{\frac{6}{7}}$$

3. Find the product of $\frac{5}{8}$ and $\frac{32}{3}$. Reduce answer to lowest terms.

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$$\left(\frac{5}{8}\right)\left(\frac{32}{3}\right) = \frac{(5)(4)(8)}{(8)(3)} = \boxed{\frac{20}{3}}$$

4. True or False? Why? $\frac{9}{8} = \frac{10}{9}$

$$9 \div 9 = 81$$

$$8 \div 10 = 80$$

$$81 \neq 80$$

$$\therefore \frac{9}{8} \neq \frac{10}{9}$$

or compare decimals

$$9/8 = 1.125$$

$$10/9 = 1.1111$$

$$1.125 \neq 1.1111$$